PATENT S.N. 10/707,723

## **CLAIM AMENDMENTS**

- 1. (currently amended) A method for determining a frequency profile of a quartz crystal, comprising:
  - a) subjecting the quartz crystal to temperature cycles at various temperature rates;
  - b) monitoring the crystal frequencies, a crystal temperature parameter, and the temperature rates as the crystal is subjected to the temperature cycles; and
  - c) grouping the monitored frequencies correlated with the monitored temperature parameters and temperature rates.
- 2. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
  - d) defining a surface in Cartesian three-dimensional space using the grouped frequencies, temperature, and temperature rates.
- 3. (currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein the grouped frequencies are graphed on the Cartesian z-axis according to

$$z=f(x,y),$$

where x is a temperature value and y is a temperature rate.

- 4. (original) The method of claim 3, further comprising performing an interpolation or extrapolation technique to derive missing points on the surface.
- <u>5.</u> (currently amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
  - d) characterizing the crystal frequency (f) as a function of the monitored temperature parameters and temperature rates according to

$$f = f(T, \dot{T}),$$

where T is a temperature parameter and [[.]]  $\dot{T} = \frac{dT}{dt}$ .

- 6. (currently amended) The method of claim 5, further comprising:
  - e) graphing the crystal frequency  $f = f(T, \dot{T})$  to define a surface in Cartesian three-dimensional space.

- 7. (original) The method of claim 6, further comprising performing an interpolation or extrapolation technique to derive missing points on the surface.
- 8. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the crystal temperature parameter is one of a ratio of frequencies representative of temperature or a temperature value.
- 9. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the crystal temperature parameter is a temperature dependent frequency.
- 10. (original) A method for determining a frequency of a quartz crystal, comprising:
  - a) subjecting the quartz crystal to temperature cycles at various temperature rates;
  - b) monitoring the crystal frequencies, a crystal temperature parameter, and the temperature rates as the crystal is subjected to the temperature cycles:
  - c) grouping the monitored frequencies correlated with the temperature parameters and temperature rates;
  - d) determining the temperature and a temperature rate of the crystal; and
  - e) relating the determined crystal temperature and temperature rate to the grouped frequencies to determine the crystal frequency.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 10, wherein step (c) includes defining a surface in Cartesian three-dimensional space using the grouped frequencies, temperature, and temperature rates.
- 12. (original) The method of claim 11, wherein the crystal frequencies are graphed on the Cartesian z-axis according to

$$z = f(x, y),$$

where x is a temperature parameter and y is a temperature rate in the grouping.

- 13. (original) The method of claim 12, further comprising performing an interpolation or extrapolation technique to derive missing points on the surface.
- 14. (currently amended) The method of claim 10, wherein step (c) includes characterizing the crystal frequency (f) as a function of the monitored temperature parameters and temperature rates according to

$$f = f(T, \dot{T}),$$

where T is a temperature parameter and [[.]]  $\dot{T} = \frac{dT}{dt}$ .

- 15. (original) The method of claim 14, further comprising graphing the crystal frequency  $f = f(T, \dot{T})$  to define a surface in Cartesian three-dimensional space.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 15, further comprising performing an interpolation or extrapolation technique to derive missing points on the surface.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 10, wherein step (d) includes determining the crystal temperature when the crystal is located subsurface.
- 18. (original) The method of claim 17, wherein the crystal is disposed in a tool adapted for subsurface disposal.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 10, wherein the crystal temperature parameter is one of a ratio of frequencies representative of temperature or a temperature value.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 10, wherein the crystal temperature parameter is a temperature dependent frequency.
- 21. (original) A method for determining a frequency of a quartz crystal, comprising:
  - a) determining a temperature of the quartz crystal;
  - b) deriving a temperature rate from the determined crystal temperature; and
  - c) relating the crystal temperature and temperature rate to a data set characterizing a correlation between the crystal frequency, temperature, and temperature rates to determine the crystal frequency.
- 22. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein the data set comprises a surface graphed in Cartesian three-dimensional space.
- 23. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein the crystal frequency is determined in real time after determination of the crystal temperature.

- 24. (original) The method of claim 23, wherein the crystal temperature is determined when the crystal is located subsurface.
- 25. (original) The method of claim 24, wherein the crystal is disposed in a tool adapted for subsurface disposal.
- 26. (original) A system for determining the frequency of a quartz crystal, comprising: a quartz crystal having a frequency output related to a temperature of the crystal; and a processor adapted to calculate a crystal frequency from a measured temperature parameter of the crystal, a temperature rate of the crystal, and observed frequencies of the crystal correlated with observed temperature parameters and temperature rates of the crystal.
- 27. (original) The system of claim 26, wherein the processor is adapted to characterize a relationship between the crystal frequency (f) and the observed temperature parameters and temperature rates according to

$$f = f(T, \dot{T}),$$

where T is a temperature parameter and  $\dot{T} = \frac{dT}{dt}$ .

- 28. (original) The system of claim 27, wherein the processor is adapted to perform an interpolation or extrapolation technique to derive the crystal frequency.
- 29. (original) The system of claim 26, wherein the measured crystal temperature parameter is determined for a crystal located subsurface.
- 30. (original) The system of claim 29, wherein the crystal is disposed in a tool adapted for subsurface disposal.
- 31. (original) The system of claim 26, wherein the observed frequencies, temperature parameters, and temperature rates of the crystal form a data set in a storage device operatively coupled to the processor.

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- 32. (original) The system of claim 26, wherein the crystal is disposed within a thermally insulated chamber.
- 33. (original) The system of claim 26, wherein the crystal is adapted with a heat conducting material on its surface.
- 34. (original) The system of claim 26, wherein the crystal temperature parameter is one of a ratio of frequencies representative of temperature or a temperature value.
- 35. (original) The system of claim 26, wherein the crystal temperature parameter comprises a number of counts of a temperature dependent frequency mode.